

Statement of Verification

BREG EN EPD No.: 000040 ECO EPD Ref. No. 000166

Issue 03

This is to verify that the

Environmental Product Declaration provided by:

Sika Ltd.

is in accordance with the requirements of:

EN 15804:2012+A1:2013

BRE Global Scheme Document SD207

This declaration is for: Sikaplan SGK / Sika Trocal SGK

Company Address

Watchmead Welwyn Garden City AL7 1BQ



BRE/Global

EPD

BUILDING TRUST





Date of First Issue

Signed for BRE Global Ltd

Emma Baker

Operator

24 July 2020 Date of this Issue

27 February 2017

30 March 2025

Expiry Date



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Environmental Product Declaration

EPD Number: 000040

General Information

EPD Programme Operator	Applicable Product Category Rules							
BRE Global Watford, Herts WD25 9XX United Kingdom www.bre.co.uk	BRE Environmental Profiles 2013 Product Category Rules for Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804:2012+A1:2013							
Commissioner of LCA study	LCA consultant/Tool							
Sika Ltd Watchmead Welwyn Garden City AL7 1BQ United Kingdom	Sika Technology AG Tüffenwies 16 8048 Zurich Switzerland www.sika.com/sustainability							
Declared/Functional Unit	Applicability/Coverage							
1 m ² of Sikaplan SGK / Sika-Trocal SGK	Product Average.							
EPD Type	Background database							
Cradle to Gate with options	ecoinvent and GaBi							
Demonstra	ation of Verification							
CEN standard EN 15	5804 serves as the core PCR ^a							
Independent verification of the declara □Internal	Independent verification of the declaration and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010 □ Internal ⊠ External							
(Where appropriate ^b)Third party verifier: Pat Hermon								

a: Product category rules

b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandatory for business-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)

Comparability

Environmental product declarations from different programmes may not be comparable if not compliant with EN 15804:2012+A1:2013. Comparability is further dependent on the specific product category rules, system boundaries and allocations, and background data sources. See Clause 5.3 of EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 for further guidance



Information modules covered

	Product Construction		Product			Use stage					End-of-life		End-of-life				Benefits and loads beyond
	roudo		001130	ruction	Rel	ated to	the bui	lding fa	ibric		ed to uilding	tne		Elia-ol-ille			the system boundary
A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4		D
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction – Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal		Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential
V	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	V	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$									V		$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$		Ø

Note: Ticks indicate the Information Modules declared.

Manufacturing site(s)

Sika Trocal GmbH Muelheimer Str. 26 53840 Troisdorf Germany

Construction Product:

Product Description

Sika-Trocal SGK is a multi-layer, synthetic roof waterproofing sheet based on premium-quality polyvinyl chloride (PVC) with inlay of glass non-woven and polyester fleece backing according to EN 13956. Sika-Trocal SGK is available in the following thicknesses: 1.2 mm (Sika-Trocal SGK 1.2 mm) and 1.5 mm (Sika-Trocal SGK 1.5 mm).

Technical Information

Property	Value, Unit
Water tightness as per EN 1928	Pass
Joint peel resistance as per EN 12316-2	≥ 300 N/50 mm
Joint shear resistance as per EN 12317-2	500 N/50 mm
Water vapour transmission properties as per EN 1931	μ = 20'000
Tensile strength - longitudinal (machine direction) as per EN 12311-2	≥ 600 N/50 mm
Tensile strength - transversal (cross machine direction) as per EN 12311-2	600 N/50 mm
Elongation longitudinal (machine direction) as per EN 12311-2	≥ 50 %
Elongation transversal (cross machine direction) as per EN 12311-2	≥ 50 %



Property	Value, Unit
Tear strength - longitudinal (machine direction) as per EN 12310-2	≥ 150 N
Tear strength - transversal (cross machine direction) as per EN 12310-2	≥ 150 N
Dimension stability - longitudinal (machine direction) as per EN 1107-2	≤ 0.3 %
Dimension stability - transversal (cross machine direction) as per EN 1107-2	≤ 0.3 %
Foldability at low temperature as per EN 495-5	≤ -25 °C
UV exposure as per EN 1297	Pass, > 5'000 h

Main Product Contents

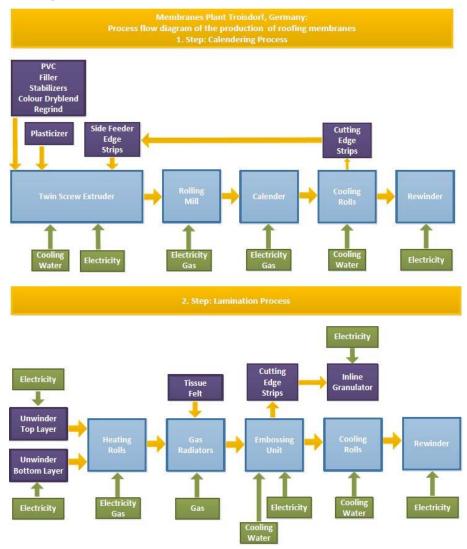
Material/Chemical Input	%
Pigment	0 -8
Carrie (glass fiber and polyester)	2 - 5
Fire retardant (inorganic)	0 - 3
Stabiliser (UV/Heat)	0 - 2
Plasticiser (Pthalate)	34 - 38
Polyvinyl chloride / PVC	50 - 70

Manufacturing Process

The membranes are produced on an "in-line compounding" calendering line and subsequently finished on a lamination line. The polymers, plasticiser, recycling materials and the main additives are fed directly into the extruder. Colour pigments and some special additives are mixed to a dry blend before fed into the extruder. Via a rolling mill the melted plastic get formed between the calender rolls to a flat membrane, cooled down and wound up to jumbo rolls. The edge trimming is fed back directly into the extruder. On the lamination line the top and back layer of the membrane and the reinforcement as well are welded together by using gas radiators and wounded up again to jumbo rolls. Afterwards the membrane is cut down to customer rolls and packaged on pallets.



Process flow diagram



Construction Installation

Sika-Trocal SGK roof waterproofing membrane is partially adhered by Sika-Trocal C 300 adhesive. The roof perimeter is mechanically fixed by Sika-Trocal Metal Sheet Type S profile to create a peel stop, or as otherwise indicated in the appropriate application guide.

Sheet overlaps can be cold welded with Sika-Trocal THF Welding Agent, or welded by electric hot welding equipment.

Edges must be sealed by Sika-Trocal Seam Sealant.

Please see www.sikatrocal.co.uk for datasheet.



Use Information

Installation works must be carried out only by Sika Trocal Licensed contractors for roofing and according to the valid installation instructions of manufacturer for Sika-Trocal SGK - types for adhered systems.

Reference Service Life

The reference service life of Sika-Trocal SGK is at least in excess of 35 years. According to Agrément Certificate 09/4668 all available evidence indicates that under normal service conditions the products will provide durable waterproof coverings with a service life in excess of 35 years.

End of Life

The membrane can be disposed of in incinerator or landfill. As shown in the "Scenarios and Additional Technical Information", for this EPD an incineration scenario was taken.

Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules

Declared / Functional unit description

1 m² of Sika-Trocal SGK roof waterproofing membrane (reinforced PVC membrane) for a reference service life of 35 years.

System boundary

In accordance with the modular approach as defined in EN 15804, this cradle to gate with options EPD includes the product stage (A1-A3), construction process stage (A4-A5), and end-of-life stage (C1-C4). Module D was also modelled.

Data sources, quality and allocation

The primary data provided by Sika derive from the plant at Troisdorf, Germany for 2014. Background LCI datasets are taken from the databases of GaBi software and ecoinvent Version 2.2. All datasets are less than 10 years old. Production waste that was reclaimed and reused internally was simulated as closed-loop recycling in Modules A1-A3. Benefits from incineration of product and for the disposal of packaging are credited in Module D; this also applies to the reuse of wooden pallets.

Cut-off criteria

All data was taken into consideration (recipe constituents, thermal energy used, electricity used). Transportation was considered for all inputs and outputs. The manufacturing of the production machines and systems and associated infrastructure were not taken into account in the LCA



LCA Results

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters describing environmental impacts											
			GWP	ODP	AP	EP	POCP	ADPE	ADPF		
	kg CO ₂ equiv.	kg CFC 11 equiv.	kg SO₂ equiv.	kg (PO₄)³- equiv.	kg C₂H₄ equiv.	kg Sb equiv.	MJ, net calorific value.				
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG		
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG		
r roduct stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG		
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	6.87	6.71E-08	0.0191	0.00197	0.00371	0.00907	150		
Construction	Transport	A4	0.115	2.76E-13	0.00042	9.64E-05	4.99E-05	5.42E-09	1.57		
process stage	Construction	A5	0.934	6.71E-09	0.00217	0.000219	0.000384	0.000907	15.6		
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Find of life	Transport	C2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
	Disposal	C4	5.80	3.29E-11	0.00806	0.000271	0.000202	2.45E-06	13.2		
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	-1.58	-1.89E-09	-0.00338	-3.44E-04	-2.76E-04	-3.39E-07	-26.4		

GWP = Global Warming Potential; ODP = Ozone Depletion Potential; AP = Acidification Potential for Soil and Water;

EP = Eutrophication Potential;

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric Ozone; ADPE = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Elements; ADPF = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Fossil Fuels;



Parameters	describing r	esour	ce use, pr	imary ener	gy			
			PERE	PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT
			MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
1 Toddet stage	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	7.43	2.50	9.93	118	46.00	164
Construction	Transport	A4	0.00	0.00	0.0936	0.00	0.00	1.58
process stage	Construction	A5	0.743	0.250	1.03	11.8	4.16	17.00
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	В6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	В7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
End of life	Transport	C2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Life of file	Waste processing	C3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Disposal	C4	0.00	0.00	0.792	0.00	0.00	14.2
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00	0.00	-2.82	0.00	0.00	-29.3

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;
PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw

materials;

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding nonrenewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource



Parameters describing resource use, secondary materials and fuels, use of water									
			SM	RSF	NRSF	FW			
			kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m³			
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00855			
Construction	Transport	A4	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.06E-05			
process stage	Construction	A5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00141			
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND			
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
End of life	Transport	C2	MND	MND	MND	MND			
End of the	Waste processing	СЗ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
	Disposal	C4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0106			
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.00324			

SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels;

NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water



Other environmental information describing waste categories									
			HWD	NHWD	RWD				
			kg	kg	kg				
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG				
Draduat ataga	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG				
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG				
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0.00764	0.346	0.00465				
Construction	Transport	A4	7.01E-06	0.000302	2.02E-06				
process stage	Construction	A5	0.000798	0.108	0.000487				
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND				
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND				
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND				
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND				
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND				
	Operational energy use	В6	MND	MND	MND				
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND				
	Deconstructio n, demolition	C1	0.00	0.00	0.00				
End of life	Transport	C2	MND	MND	MND				
End of file	Waste processing	СЗ	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	Disposal	C4	0.000952	3.59	0.000405				
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	-0.0012	-0.0058	-0.00115				

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed



			CRU	MFR	MER	EE
			kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Toduct stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Construction	Transport	A4	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
process stage	Construction	A5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.699
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	В6	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	В7	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Find of life	Transport	C2	MND	MND	MND	MND
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Disposal	C4	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.1
Potential penefits and coads beyond he system coundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Exported Energy



Scenarios and additional technical information

Scenarios and additional technical information								
Scenario	Parameter	Units	Results					
	Fuel consumption / Vehicle type (truck)	litres/km	NA					
A4 – Transport to the	Distance	km	915.000					
building site	Capacity utilisation (incl. empty returns)	%	85					
	Bulk density of transported products	kg/m³	1400.000					
	Ancillary materials for installation - Overlap	%	8					
A5 – Installation in the	Energy Use – Welding energy	kWh/m ²	0.016					
building	Waste materials from installation wastage – Installation losses	%	2					
C1 – End of life deconstruction	Demolition impacts assumed zero	NA						
C3 – End of life waste processing	No information required as 100% of product goes to incineration.							
C4 – End of life disposal	Quantity of waste for disposal – membrane incineration	%	100					
D – Reuse/Recovery/Recycling Potential	The benefits from incineration of product and waste are credited in Module D, since in							



Summary, comments and additional information

Interpretation

The displayed results apply to Sikaplan SGK 1.5. To calculate results for other thicknesses, please use this formula:

Ix = ((x+0.16)/1.66)I1.5

[lx = the unknown parameter value for Sikaplan SGK products with a thickness of "x" mm (e.g. 1.8 mm)]

The following chart (Figure 1) shows the relative contributions of the different modules to the various environmental impact categories and to primary energy use in a dominance analysis. It is clear that most impacts come from Module A1-A3, though the incineration of the membrane (C4) also contributes, especially for AP and GWP, due to its greenhouse gas emissions. For this reason, the Product Stage is examined more closely in the following interpretation.

Energy resource use

Pre-product manufacturing (58%), packaging (32%) and the manufacturing process (10%) account for the total of the use of renewable primary energy resources (PERT). The manufacturing of raw materials (96%) has the greatest impact on the use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT), while the impact of the production process (due to electricity consumption) measures 3.6%.

Environmental impacts

The dominant influence in all impact categories for Module A1-A3 comes from pre-product manufacturing (at least 91% in each case). Within pre-product manufacturing, polymers play an important role regarding Global Warming Potential (GWP), Acidification Potential for Soil and Water (AP), Eutrophication Potential (EP), Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential (POCP) and Abiotic Depletion Potential - Fossil Fuels (ADPF). The plasticiser has significant impact on Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP), and also on GWP, AP, EP, POCP and ADPF. The felt impacts the GWP, AP, EP, POCP and ADPF, while pigments add mostly to AP and EP. In addition, the fire retardant contributes to the Abiotic Depletion Potential - Elements (ADPE), as well as to AP, and the impacts from fillers and stabilisers are negligible. The raw materials with the greatest effect on the impacts also show the greatest percentage by mass of the waterproofing membrane: polymers, plasticiser and felt. The manufacturing process (due to electricity use) contributes mostly to AP (3.5 %) and GWP (6%) and EP (4%).



Relative contribution of each module for Sikaplan SGK1.5

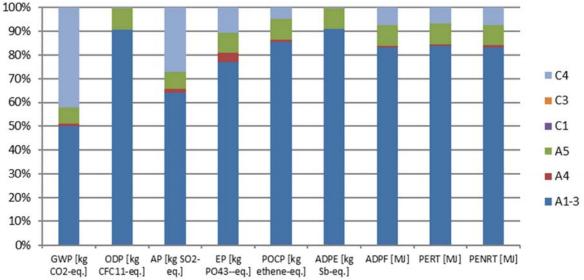


Figure 1

References

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